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# A co-relative survey study of Praman Sharir and Balpariksha (Strength Examination) 

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#### Abstract

Classical Ayurvedic Texts like Charak Samhita describes very minute aspects of Sharir Rachana \& also its relations with other branches of Ayurveda. It is clearly mentioned that, height of every individual should be equal to 84 own finger width (Swangul Praman). If any individual fulfills this condition, he/she has better state of strength. To prove above statement of Acharya Charaka, it is necessary to co-relate the height and strength of individuals. For this purpose we have performed a project which is in search of relation between height and strength. Strength is measured on the basis of exercise capacity, energy level, and fatigue occurrence. For above said purpose height of individual was measured and exercise as skipping steps was advised to those individuals. Data was obtained after application of various parameters, inferences, and conclusions were drawn. From above research project, it can be said that research statement is true.


Keywords: Praman Sharir, Swangul Praman, Balpariksha.

## 1. Introduction

Rachana Sharir is very important part of Ayurvedic Classical Texts. Keen observations about various structures of sharira like Dhatu, Kurcha, Koshtha, Marmas etc. have been performed by our Acharyas. Acharya Charaka has described about proportions of different organs of human body in Vimansthan, Chapter eighth in 'Praman Sharir'.
In this chapter it is stated that, ideally the height of an individual should be equal to 84 own finger width. If it is equal to 84 own finger width, that individual will have well maintained body strength ${ }^{1}$. To re-search the relation between height and body strength, a survey study was conducted. Body strength should be measured by individual's exercise capacity ${ }^{2}$. Therefore we planned to find relation between height and exercise capacity of an individual.
AIM: To study relation between height and exercise capacity (i.e. strength).

## Objectives

1. To calculate height of individual in his/her own finger width pattern (Swanguli Praman).
2. Measurement of maximum exercise capacity of each individual.
3. Measurement of parameters like Pulse variations, Respiratory Rate Variations, Blood Pressure Variations.
4. Observation of occurrence of fatigue during exercise.
5. To find out any relation between height and body strength.

## 2. Study Design

This study was conducted at department of Rachana Sharir of Radhakisan Toshniwal Ayurved Mahavidyalaya, Akola (Maharashtra- India). Total 100 students of this institute were randomly selected irrespective of gender, cast, religion, height, weight, age and studying year.

I-step- For calculation of individual's own finger width height his/her width of proximal joint of middle finger of palm was measured by vernier caliper. The figure obtained by the vernier caliper is equal to the swanguli praman of that individual. Thus with this aspect we have calculated the height of each individual with the help of swanguli praman.

This obtained data was divided into five different groups.

| SN | Group | Range of Height (swanguli) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | I | $60-65.9$ |
| 2 | II | $66-70.9$ |
| 3 | III | $71-75.9$ |
| 4 | IV | $76-80.9$ |
| 5 | V | $81-85.9$ |

II step- After above step, Pulse Rate, Respiratory Rate, And Blood Pressure of each individual was measured. These are pre measured parameters. The difference in those parameters after exercise would show the exercise capacity of each subject.
III step- Exercise of Skipping was allotted to each individual. The number of skipping actions was fixed to 135 (on the basis of pilot study conducted on 10 non subject individuals. Maximum number of skipping actions was counted. Average 120 skipping actions were calculated. We have further extended this average capacity by adding 15 numbers of skipping action to get the maximum capacity of strength of an individual. Thus the target to achieve the 135 skipping actions was assigned)Now this was very important step, because in this step keen observation was made for fatigue occurrence. For this purpose an eye was kept on each subject to find out slowing down speed of skipping action. After specific skipping actions each subject got slows down, that no. of skipping action was observed and mentioned. This no. of skipping action was mentioned as ' $\boldsymbol{n}$ '. Also in this step time required for 135 skipping actions was measured and mentioned in chart. Those subjects who can't complete 135 actions, the time required for given exercise was found by mathematics.
IV step- Post exercise measurement of parameters i.e. Pulse, Respiratory Rate, Blood Pressure was done. The difference between pre and post measured parameters for each group was found. After that, mean difference in those parameters was found as follows.
Pulse- Pre exercise pulse was measured, post exercise pulse was also measured then difference between those numbers was found. Then summation of all these differences was done and divided by 20 which is group member's count. The number now find out is Mean difference of pulse rate. This is done for all 5 groups. By this way Mean differences of Respiratory Rates, systolic blood pressures were found. Mean difference of blood pressure was found only in between systolic BP, because only systolic blood pressure shows considerable variations.
V step- Inferences are drawn by comparison of pre measured and post measured parametric data, time requirement, and fatigue occurrence between all groups. Charts were prepared.

## 3. Selection Criteria

1. Individuals of age between 20 to 25 years, because of young age and good exercise capacity.
2. Males and females both were selected for this project.

## 4. Rejection criteria

1. Those individuals who have regular practice of skipping exercise, because it would create bias in our study.
2. Individuals with body condition which alters body strength like DM, Hypertension, Sickness, fever, dehydration, anemia, any other unhealthy condition.
The Data collected and compared as follows-

Pulse/minute

| SN | Height group |  |  | Height group |  |  | Height group |  |  | Height group |  |  | Height group |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 60-65.5 Angul |  |  | 66-70.9 Angul |  |  | 71-75.9 Angul |  |  | 76-80.9 Angul |  |  | 81-85.9 Angul |  |  |
|  | Before | After | Diff. | Before | After | Diff. | Before | After | Diff. | Before | After | Diff. | Before | After | Diff. |
| 1 | 77 | 88 | 11 | 66 | 76 | 10 | 78 | 116 | 38 | 60 | 75 | 15 | 88 | 91 | 3 |
| 2 | 69 | 102 | 33 | 66 | 116 | 50 | 77 | 116 | 39 | 76 | 90 | 14 | 75 | 112 | 37 |
| 3 | 64 | 106 | 42 | 69 | 101 | 32 | 74 | 84 | 10 | 71 | 90 | 19 | 85 | 128 | 43 |
| 4 | 83 | 123 | 40 | 75 | 120 | 45 | 66 | 107 | 41 | 75 | 114 | 39 | 77 | 84 | 7 |
| 5 | 102 | 148 | 46 | 66 | 120 | 54 | 82 | 85 | 3 | 88 | 117 | 29 | 85 | 107 | 22 |
| 6 | 75 | 119 | 44 | 102 | 149 | 47 | 68 | 106 | 38 | 79 | 124 | 45 | 77 | 98 | 21 |
| 7 | 78 | 124 | 46 | 78 | 90 | 12 | 74 | 75 | 1 | 88 | 91 | 3 | 75 | 102 | 27 |
| 8 | 72 | 124 | 52 | 76 | 77 | 1 | 77 | 80 | 3 | 75 | 112 | 37 | 68 | 85 | 17 |
| 9 | 64 | 102 | 38 | 63 | 98 | 35 | 85 | 121 | 36 | 85 | 132 | 47 | 69 | 98 | 29 |
| 10 | 78 | 123 | 45 | 85 | 106 | 21 | 77 | 81 | 4 | 82 | 123 | 41 | 75 | 90 | 15 |
| 11 | 85 | 127 | 42 | 72 | 140 | 68 | 75 | 112 | 37 | 76 | 103 | 27 | 72 | 98 | 26 |
| 12 | 70 | 105 | 35 | 96 | 125 | 29 | 68 | 115 | 47 | 71 | 109 | 38 | 69 | 78 | 9 |
| 13 | 68 | 110 | 42 | 78 | 120 | 42 | 69 | 123 | 54 | 72 | 112 | 40 | 78 | 94 | 16 |
| 14 | 65 | 113 | 48 | 76 | 123 | 47 | 75 | 139 | 64 | 76 | 109 | 33 | 74 | 89 | 15 |
| 15 | 69 | 109 | 40 | 86 | 140 | 54 | 72 | 110 | 38 | 67 | 102 | 35 | 75 | 93 | 18 |
| 16 | 73 | 123 | 50 | 67 | 119 | 52 | 69 | 141 | 72 | 69 | 114 | 45 | 77 | 95 | 18 |
| 17 | 75 | 110 | 35 | 62 | 110 | 48 | 78 | 120 | 42 | 72 | 98 | 26 | 62 | 89 | 27 |
| 18 | 76 | 118 | 42 | 74 | 123 | 49 | 74 | 105 | 31 | 78 | 95 | 17 | 74 | 90 | 16 |
| 19 | 66 | 115 | 49 | 73 | 120 | 47 | 75 | 102 | 27 | 76 | 88 | 12 | 73 | 103 | 30 |
| 20 | 78 | 118 | 40 | 77 | 104 | 27 | 77 | 118 | 41 | 77 | 85 | 8 | 77 | 109 | 32 |
|  |  |  | 820 |  |  | 770 |  |  | 666 |  |  | 570 |  |  | 428 |
| Mean Pulse variation |  |  | 41 |  |  | 38.4 |  |  | 33.1 |  |  | 28.5 |  |  | 21.4 |

Respiratory Rate

| SN | Height group |  |  | Height group |  |  | Height group |  |  | Height group |  |  | Height group |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 60-65.5 Angul |  |  | 66-70.9 Angul |  |  | 71-75.9 Angul |  |  | 76-80.9 Angul |  |  | 81-85.9 Angul |  |  |
|  | Before | After | Diff. | Before | After | Diff. | Before | After | Diff. | Before | After | Diff. | Before | After | Diff. |
| 1 | 28 | 38 | 10 | 20 | 35 | 15 | 30 | 50 | 20 | 20 | 30 | 10 | 26 | 37 | 11 |
| 2 | 20 | 36 | 16 | 22 | 33 | 11 | 21 | 34 | 13 | 22 | 34 | 12 | 20 | 30 | 10 |
| 3 | 18 | 34 | 16 | 20 | 32 | 12 | 18 | 35 | 17 | 20 | 31 | 11 | 20 | 30 | 10 |
| 4 | 22 | 30 | 8 | 17 | 35 | 18 | 20 | 34 | 14 | 20 | 22 | 2 | 16 | 27 | 11 |
| 5 | 12 | 23 | 11 | 23 | 36 | 13 | 26 | 35 | 9 | 22 | 32 | 10 | 15 | 23 | 8 |
| 6 | 15 | 32 | 17 | 16 | 33 | 17 | 37 | 38 | 1 | 28 | 29 | 1 | 17 | 26 | 9 |
| 7 | 13 | 30 | 17 | 20 | 37 | 17 | 23 | 36 | 13 | 21 | 31 | 10 | 18 | 25 | 7 |
| 8 | 11 | 23 | 12 | 20 | 28 | 8 | 19 | 32 | 13 | 18 | 26 | 8 | 20 | 31 | 11 |
| 9 | 16 | 32 | 16 | 20 | 37 | 17 | 20 | 30 | 10 | 14 | 23 | 9 | 21 | 37 | 16 |
| 10 | 17 | 34 | 17 | 21 | 35 | 14 | 18 | 27 | 9 | 16 | 27 | 11 | 20 | 28 | 8 |
| 11 | 15 | 28 | 13 | 24 | 29 | 5 | 14 | 26 | 12 | 18 | 29 | 11 | 19 | 23 | 4 |
| 12 | 14 | 27 | 13 | 24 | 35 | 11 | 16 | 26 | 10 | 15 | 28 | 13 | 21 | 30 | 9 |
| 13 | 15 | 30 | 15 | 18 | 36 | 18 | 15 | 25 | 10 | 15 | 29 | 14 | 22 | 27 | 5 |
| 14 | 17 | 32 | 15 | 15 | 25 | 10 | 17 | 27 | 10 | 20 | 37 | 17 | 18 | 27 | 9 |
| 15 | 13 | 32 | 19 | 17 | 33 | 16 | 12 | 22 | 10 | 17 | 29 | 12 | 23 | 24 | 1 |
| 16 | 15 | 25 | 10 | 15 | 19 | 4 | 15 | 23 | 8 | 18 | 30 | 12 | 19 | 25 | 6 |
| 17 | 16 | 32 | 16 | 14 | 21 | 7 | 17 | 31 | 14 | 15 | 28 | 13 | 18 | 32 | 14 |
| 18 | 17 | 35 | 18 | 15 | 22 | 7 | 20 | 31 | 11 | 14 | 26 | 12 | 19 | 25 | 6 |
| 19 | 15 | 28 | 13 | 17 | 24 | 7 | 16 | 35 | 19 | 19 | 29 | 10 | 20 | 31 | 11 |
| 20 | 14 | 22 | 8 | 17 | 25 | 8 | 21 | 31 | 10 | 21 | 33 | 12 | 20 | 25 | 5 |
|  |  |  | 280 |  |  | 235 |  |  | 233 |  |  | 210 |  |  | 171 |
| Mean <br> variation in respiratory rate |  |  | 14 |  |  | 11.75 |  |  | 11.65 |  |  | 10.5 |  |  | 8.55 |

Systolic Blood Pressure


Time taken for 135 skipping actions


No. of skipping actions after which fatigue occurred
$\mathrm{n}=$ no. of skipping actions after which occurrence of fatigue observed

| SN | Height group |  | Height group |  | Height group |  | Height group |  | Height group |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 60-65.9 Angul |  | 66-70.9 Angul |  | 71-75.9 Angul |  | 76-80.9 Angul |  | 81-85.9 Angul |  |
|  | No. of skipping actions performed | $n$ | No. of skipping actions performed | $n$ | No. of skipping actions performed | $n$ | No. of skipping actions performed | $n$ | No. of skipping actions performed | $n$ |
| 1 | 110 | 57 | 45 | 35 | 43 | 25 | 51 | 28 | 62 | 31 |
| 2 | 105 | 46 | 100 | 60 | 50 | 31 | 40 | 34 | 65 | 29 |
| 3 | 108 | 45 | 45 | 32 | 84 | 47 | 47 | 35 | 68 | 32 |
| 4 | 84 | 49 | 98 | 45 | 72 | 38 | 55 | 41 | 78 | 42 |
| 5 | 36 | 11 | 63 | 38 | 48 | 28 | 52 | 33 | 120 | 81 |
| 6 | 110 | 50 | 136 | 72 | 44 | 28 | 81 | 53 | 110 | 78 |
| 7 | 108 | 45 | 48 | 33 | 37 | 19 | 120 | 67 | 122 | 90 |
| 8 | 101 | 40 | 60 | 39 | 65 | 39 | 118 | 56 | 110 | 77 |
| 9 | 98 | 38 | 62 | 40 | 57 | 25 | 102 | 57 | 112 | 67 |
| 10 | 87 | 35 | 33 | 20 | 60 | 42 | 108 | 58 | 78 | 47 |
| 11 | 82 | 43 | 97 | 45 | 89 | 62 | 87 | 42 | 83 | 51 |
| 12 | 100 | 59 | 49 | 25 | 118 | 80 | 85 | 45 | 89 | 58 |
| 13 | 88 | 39 | 95 | 51 | 124 | 81 | 80 | 45 | 92 | 60 |
| 14 | 67 | 37 | 88 | 49 | 135 | 81 | 121 | 93 | 82 | 48 |
| 15 | 92 | 41 | 108 | 72 | 158 | 90 | 108 | 81 | 87 | 48 |
| 16 | 98 | 45 | 143 | 82 | 128 | 71 | 97 | 64 | 94 | 58 |
| 17 | 70 | 30 | 128 | 63 | 145 | 83 | 80 | 52 | 90 | 59 |
| 18 | 97 | 45 | 45 | 25 | 126 | 65 | 98 | 65 | 80 | 45 |
| 19 | 89 | 41 | 150 | 78 | 65 | 40 | 85 | 45 | 92 | 56 |
| 20 | 89 | 48 | 138 | 60 | 73 | 36 | 87 | 45 | 78 | 41 |
|  |  | 844 |  | 964 |  | 1011 |  | 1039 |  | 1098 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean no of "n" |  | 42.2 |  | 48.2 |  | 50.55 |  | 51.95 |  | 54.9 |

## 5. Observations

1. Height above 85.9 finger width (angul) and below 60 finger width (angul) was not found in any individual.
2. In Height group 60-65.9 mean pulse variation is 41,

In Height group 66-70.9 mean pulse variation is 38.4,
In Height group 71-75.9 mean pulse variation is 33.1,
In Height group 76-80.9 mean pulse variation is 28.5,
In Height group 81-85.9 mean pulse variation is 21.4.
3. In Height group 60-65.9 mean variation in respiratory rate is $\mathbf{1 4}$

In Height group 66-70.9 Mean variation in respiratory rate is $\mathbf{1 1 . 7 5}$
In Height group 71-75.9 Mean variation in respiratory rate is $\mathbf{1 1 . 6 5}$
In Height group 76-80.9 Mean variation in respiratory rate $\mathbf{1 0 . 5}$
In Height group 81-85.9 Mean variation in respiratory rate is $\mathbf{8 . 5 5}$
4. In Height group 60-65.9 mean variation in systolic blood pressure is $\mathbf{3 2 . 4}$

In Height group 66-70.9 Mean variation in systolic blood pressure is 28
In Height group 71-75.9 Mean variation in systolic blood pressure is $\mathbf{2 1}$
In Height group 76-80.9 Mean variation in systolic blood pressure is $\mathbf{1 8 . 3}$
In Height group 81-85.9 Mean variation in systolic blood pressure is $\mathbf{1 6 . 5}$
5. In Height group 60-65.9 mean time taken for 135 skipping actions is $\mathbf{1 3 9 . 8 4} \mathrm{sec}$ In Height group 66-70.9 mean time taken for 135 skipping actions is $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 9}$ sec
In Height group 71-75.9 mean time taken for 135 skipping actions is $\mathbf{9 4 . 2 3}$ sec
In Height group 76-80.9 mean time taken for 135 skipping actions is $\mathbf{8 9 . 0 3} \mathbf{~ s e c}$
In Height group 81-85.9 mean time taken for 135 skipping actions is $\mathbf{8 5 . 1 9} \mathbf{~ s e c}$
6. OBSERVATION OF OCCURRENCE OF FATIGUE- ' $\mathbf{n}$ '

In Height group 60-65.9 mean no. of skipping actions after which fatigue occurred is $\mathbf{4 2 . 2}$
In Height group 66-70.9 mean no. of skipping actions after which fatigue occurred is $\mathbf{4 8 . 2}$
In Height group 71-75.9 mean no. of skipping actions after which fatigue occurred is $\mathbf{5 0 . 5 5}$
In Height group 76-80.9 mean no. of skipping actions after which fatigue occurred is $\mathbf{5 1 . 9 5}$
In Height group 81-85.9 mean no. of skipping actions after which fatigue occurred is 54.9.

## 6. Result

1. After performance of exercise of same quantity pulse rate, respiratory rate, systolic blood pressure varies in increasing order as height group decreases. It means for same bulk of exercise, efforts required to less height groups are more than higher height groups.
2. Time required completing 135 skipping exercise increases as height group decrease. It means for same quantity of exercise lesser height groups require more time.
3. As height group decreases, fatigue occurs early. It means that fatigue occurrence is observed late in higher height groups, in other words individuals with higher height group acquired less fatigue.

## 7. Conclusion

As per Charak Samhita Viman Sthan, 84 swangul height is ideal. If it is present an individual will have more strength. It means that individual can perform more exercise with less fatigue and more work with more enthusiasm. By above study it is proved that research statement is true.

## 8. References

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